

speaker thought well within the range of the munificence, he might add the proverbial munificence, even displayed by the Hongkong community in matters of public interest and of public sympathy. Having looked on the form of memorial that had appeared not to himself alone, but to many other residents, as the most fitting and the most appropriate, he would take the opportunity to offer a suggestion or two of his own with reference to the form of memorial which he thought they should avoid. They were not there to do honour to one who was perhaps one of the most popular Governors Hongkong has ever had, popular not alone as a public man but for his personal qualities as a private individual. If he interpreted correctly the sentiments and feelings which animated the meeting he should say it would desire that the well-remembered form and features of their late valued and lamented Governor should become as familiar to succeeding generations of colonists as they were to themselves, and that whatever might be the ultimate character of the memorial to be decided on by this meeting, the main object should not be lost sight of, namely, the personal testimony to the private qualities of the man, no less than the public abilities of the Governor (applause). If he had interpreted their sentiments correctly, then he thought they should not embark in a Kennedy Institute, Charity, Endowment, or in Kennedy's obelisks—all admirable no doubt in their utilitarian object. If they embarked in these, what would happen a century hence, or less, he might say a quarter of a century hence? Society in this colony being ever shifting and changing, it being like a dissolving view, old faces disappearing every year to be succeeded by new ones, and a quarter of a century hence your Kennedy endowment would be there, but the memory of the man who was so recently designed to honour by such means would have faded in the haze and mist of years, and but few persons beyond an occasional student of local history would know how or why their memorial came by the name of Kennedy. He would point his meaning by illustrating that they now had in the middle of our city a large pile of buildings called the Murray Barracks. They are not a thing of beauty, perhaps, but they are pretentious by reason of their vast and capacious dimensions. Not far from them we have Murray Road and a Murray Pier, and there is also a Murray Battery. It would surprise some of them to learn that all these structures were so called in order to do honour to the name and to perpetuate the memory of the great soldier and statesman, and by the generation who preceded us. He would ask how many of them, in spite of the hopes and aspirations of those who preceded them, knew who Murray was, and notwithstanding all the structures bearing his name which confront us as daily reminders of that name. He thought it would be the natural feeling of the meeting that the honoured name of Kennedy should not be consigned to the same precarious fate; and therefore he concluded their preference would naturally be that the memorial to be adopted should take the form of a statue, because a public statue of Sir Arthur Kennedy would never lose its individuality. Public statues were said to be the most lasting form of recognition that a generous people can make to those public men who have served them well and faithfully. He ventured to think therefore in their case pre-eminently—be said pre-eminently, because, as he remarked before, society here was ever changing like a dissolving view—in the present case, a statue would be the most proper and most imperishable form of tribute they could pay to him whose death they so deeply mourned and whose name they now desire to hand down to posterity as that of a man who is able to win their affections by his private and personal merits, and to command their respect by the manner in which he held the balance between the rival races, and to govern as the Sovereign to govern, a man whose sole aspiration, while he was with them, was the welfare and material prosperity of the races committed to his care without distinction of class or nationality.—(applause).

Mr. A. MacEwen said he had been asked to propose a resolution, and in doing so to make a few remarks. The remarks of previous speakers, however, had been so appropriate and full as touching on the successful career of the late Sir Arthur Kennedy as Governor of this colony, that it would be a wearisome repetition were he to follow over the same ground. He thought they had touched chiefly on what may be considered the sober and political side of his character, and he could not help thinking that the lighter shades had not been done in dedicating his memory to men of old colonies. Perhaps he might be permitted to allude to these, as it was more in connection with them that in those days he personally knew him. He alluded to the interest he always took in all their pleasures and pastimes. It was he thought, hardly necessary for him to remind those present who were resident in this colony during 1871 to 1876 of the encouragement and support Sir Arthur Kennedy always gave to every exercise that was manly and healthy, and every pleasure that was innocent. He referred to their sports, cricket matches, regattas, races, and all sorts of gatherings or public entertainments that tended to bring the public together in peace and harmony. These may be considered by some as minor points in a Governor's career, but he could confidently affirm that in Sir Arthur Kennedy's case they, in connection with his straightforward and upright character and administrative abilities, tended to make him, what he undoubtedly was, one of the most popular, respected, and successful Governors that ever ruled from the Colonial Office (applause). Even after he left them he took, and never ceased to take, the keenest interest in the colony itself and his old friends. He thought we could not do better than perpetuate his memory by erecting a public statue in some prominent position in this colony—he would suggest Kennedy Road—and he felt certain that should his resolution be carried, every firm, public company, and private resident will come forward with liberal aid to assist the committee that would be elected, in erecting a statue that would not only be a credit to the colony but a lasting remembrance of a true, just, and upright man. (Applause). The resolution he would propose was—

That this meeting be desirous of having a just and grateful tribute to the memory of Sir Arthur Kennedy, late Governor of this colony, in the form of a statue, erected in some prominent position in the colony, and accordingly resolves on this form of memorial.

The Hon. F. R. Rye said that it was with very much pleasure he rose to second the motion of his friend Mr. MacEwen. He had heard a great many proposals made as to the form the memorial to the late Sir Arthur Kennedy should take, and he was of opinion that of them all, that which embodied in the resolution the most appropriate one, and he was glad it had fallen to his lot to second the proposal for the statue. He was here during the whole of Sir Arthur Kennedy's administration. He well remembered the day he landed and the day he embarked, and he could bear testimony to his uprightness of character and to his desire neither to favour one race nor the other. In his Council, of which he was a member during the whole of his administration, nothing could be more satisfactory to his members than his conduct of the public business. The advance this colony has made in education since the commencement of his career here was owing to him.—(applause). He attended in this hall and presided at this table in the very chair then occupied by the Chairman of the meeting, at a meeting held for the purpose of promoting education. He was the proposer of the "grant-

in-aid" system. He was also most anxious that the Central School should be adequately supported, and the speaker might add that he himself had the support of the then Able Master, whom they all knew very well and who was now transferred to another sphere. (Applause). To Sir Arthur Kennedy they also owed the lighthouse that is, in a secondary degree. The proposal first came from Admiral Shadwell at a dinner in this Hall. On its being mentioned to Sir Arthur Kennedy he at once took it up, and in a very short time they had the lighthouse. In all public matters Sir Arthur Kennedy always warmly supported those which he considered advisable and useful, and he cordially supported the object of the meeting and seconded the resolution of the last speaker.

Mr. T. Jackson then rose and said he had very great pleasure in supporting the resolution. He had had the honor of the intimate acquaintance of Sir Arthur Kennedy, and he cordially echoed the sentiments which had been expressed by the previous speakers. A more honourable, more upright, more truthful, or more thoroughly respected representative of Her Majesty never came from the Colonial Office. Whether they took him in his private capacity presiding at his table in Government House, or in his public capacity in the Council Chamber or elsewhere, they found him the same upright, courteous gentleman. They had met to have his memory perpetuated in perpetual bronze. I would think it a great pity if those grand old features (pointing to the oil painting of Sir Arthur, at his back) should ever be forgotten in Hongkong. (Applause). He hoped Her Majesty's Government would be fortunate in sending many such Governors to Hongkong, and he could only say the inhabitants of the colony were delighted.—(applause).

Mr. C. D. Chatter said amidst applause said he had much pleasure in supporting the resolution brought forward by Mr. MacEwen, and seconded by Mr. Rye. He said he thought that of all the different views that had been thrown out with regard to perpetuating the memory of their late lamented Governor the one before the meeting was the best of all, and he therefore had very great pleasure in supporting the resolution.—(applause).

Mr. H. N. Mody said he could not allow this opportunity to pass without expressing, on behalf of the Parsee and Indian communities of Hongkong, their hearty and cordial cooperation in support of the proposition made by Mr. MacEwen, and endorsing the sentiments already expressed by the previous speakers in honor of their late good Governor, Sir Arthur Kennedy.—(Applause).

The Chairman then read the resolution and said they would observe that this was a proposal submitted to the meeting, and it was quite open to any one present to offer an amendment to the resolution if he was of opinion that although a memorial to Sir Arthur Kennedy's memory was desirable, yet it should take some other form. If any gentleman was desirous of proposing such an amendment he should be glad to receive it, and the meeting, he was sure, would be glad to listen to anything that might be said on the subject.

No amendment being offered, the resolution was put to the meeting and was carried unanimously amid great applause.

The Chairman said that, consequent upon the passing of the resolution, Mr. W. H. Forbes would now propose a resolution for the purpose of carrying it into effect.

Mr. W. H. Forbes then rose and said he had very great pleasure in proposing the following resolution:—

That for the purpose of giving effect to the manifest wish of the meeting, as expressed in the resolution, an Executive Committee be appointed to undertake the management of the business connected with the erection of the proposed statue of Sir Arthur Kennedy, to consist of—

Mr. F. D. Sassoon seconded.

Mr. MacEwen proposed that Mr. Forbes's name be added to the list of the Committee.

This was accordingly done and the resolution thus amended was, upon being put to the meeting, carried unanimously.

The Chairman in calling attention to the next resolution said it was one that he felt certain would command sympathy. His Honour Mr. Justice Russell would propose a resolution which would, he thought, commend itself to all.

Mr. Justice Russell said he thought as there was still a good deal of business to be brought before the meeting he had better make his remarks short and he thought the resolution he would then read would commend itself to every one present. The resolution was:—

That this meeting records the deep sense of sorrow with which the entire Hongkong Community received the sad news of Sir Arthur Kennedy's death and desires to express the heartfelt sympathy and confidence of all creeds and classes with the members of his family in their great bereavement; and further that the Chairman be requested to take the necessary steps for forwarding to them a copy of this resolution.

The speaker then added that Dr. Ho Kai in his speech had admirably expressed the feeling the speaker knew existed among the Chinese community—it was only one feeling—and it was, as this resolution put it, one of heartfelt sorrow. He therefore proposed this resolution.

Mr. H. L. Dalrymple seconded the resolution. He said he had the pleasure of knowing the late Governor for several years, and the resolution possessed his cordial sympathy.

Mr. P. Rye suggested the addition of the words "and a full report of the proceedings of this meeting" which was adopted, and the resolution put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

The Chairman concluding said, that in so far as the proceedings were concerned, the business of the meeting was completed, but he understood that before they separated it was the desire of Mr. Ho Kai, on behalf of the Chinese community, to say a few words with regard to some proposal he had made on behalf of the Chinese community in respect of a memorial to the late Sir Arthur Kennedy. It was no part of the object of this meeting had been called, but he was quite sure they would listen to him with attention.—(applause).

Mr. Ho Kai on resuming the floor said he wished on behalf of the Chinese community in this colony to address a few words on a subject which had for them, as Chinese, a large amount of interest and occupied a place very near their hearts. About two years ago, shortly after the death of Sir Arthur Kennedy, it was the intention of the Chinese to erect a monument to his memory, but this was not done on account of circumstances which he would to a certain extent explain. No favorable opportunity occurred on which the Chinese could communicate the matter to the rest of the community or consult them as to what sort of a memorial should be erected. Now, while the Chinese were anxious to do all due honour to the memory of Sir Arthur Kennedy, they long cherished wish to perpetuate the memory of Sir Arthur Kennedy and the opportunity to consult the foreign community on the subject and to ask for their co-operation and advice. It is more than ten years since Sir Arthur Kennedy was with us, and that he is so well remembered by the Chinese community, and he believed by the foreign community as well, testified to the good and favorable impression he made. His valuable services with well known to all. He sought to do justice to all classes of Her Majesty's subjects without distinction of race, and how he strove and laboured both day and night for the good of those whom he had to govern—he said these things were so well known that he need not mention them, because they were well appreciated at the time and were well remembered even up to this present day.

He hoped his mentioning this, that day, would meet with the support of all the foreign community; amongst the Chinese there was one unanimous sentiment, and that was, that whatever might be done, a memorial to Sir Arthur Kennedy should be raised; and they wish for your support and co-operation. He was sure they would express to some extent their opinion on this matter, and that the Chinese would know that they would be permitted to have a Governor by them to do honour to another Governor who was the predecessor of Sir Arthur Kennedy.—(applause).

The Hon. F. B. Johnson in following up the last speaker's remarks, said he had only heard that morning of the movement among the Chinese friends of which Mr. Ho Kai had informed them, but as one who was privileged to enjoy the friendship of the late Sir Arthur Kennedy he thought he might venture to say the statement made had been heard with great satisfaction by him, and the manner in which it had been received showed the meeting shared this satisfaction—and rightly so, because all knew the eminent services Sir Arthur Kennedy rendered to the colony, and it also marked the intelligent appreciation with which the Chinese community recognised good government. He had spoken just then of the success of Sir Arthur Kennedy's administration, but he was sure all those who had any experience of the state of this colony in the times preceding the administration of Sir Arthur Kennedy would recognise how much the Government of Sir Arthur Kennedy was indebted to the vigorous administration by which it was preceded. He ventured to make these few remarks, but at the same time he would suggest to Mr. Ho Kai that it would be perhaps, not very convenient to mix up the two things together, and if the Chinese were resolved, as he informs us they were, to erect some monument to Sir Arthur Kennedy, another opportunity should be taken to give effect to what they proposed.—(applause).

The Chairman said Mr. Ho Kai's remarks formed no part of the object of the meeting; and, as Mr. Johnson suggested, he thought it advisable the subject should be taken up as an entirely separate matter. Separate it was, so far as this was concerned, that there should be a separate committee formed; that a meeting of the intending subscribers should elect for themselves what form the memorial should take, and it was thought advisable the two committees, the committee formed that day and the one formed at any subsequent meeting, might co-operate in collecting subscriptions from our Chinese fellow citizens. That was a matter which it seemed to the committee they then had elected would take into consideration. Unless any gentleman might wish to make any remarks on the subject of Mr. Ho Kai's speech he thought it would be advisable now to close the meeting, reserving any question as to a memorial to Sir Arthur Kennedy. He might say, although he had not had the pleasure of Sir Arthur Kennedy's acquaintance, so far as he knew, and so far as he could gather from the report he has left behind him, Sir Arthur Kennedy was a man of sterling ability and sound sense, and an honourable Governor.—(applause).

The meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman, proposed by Mr. Bottomley and seconded by Mr. Kuttner, which was acknowledged in suitable terms by Sir George Phillipps.

Advertisements.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE. (Taking Cargo at through-rates to CALCUTTA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, ODESSA, and the MEDITERRANEAN PORTS).

THE Company's Steamship

"ORION," Captain G. Mahorah, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 27th instant, at NOON. For further Particulars, apply to MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1883. [566]

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE, CALLING AT BRISBANE.

THE Steamship

"OCEAN," Captain Brown, will be despatched on or about the 23rd instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to ADAMSON, BELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1883. [567]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo per Steamship "CITY OF PEKIN," the above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Counter-signature and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

F. E. FOSTER, Agent.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1883. [1]

LEGERDEMAIN.

GRAND OPPORTUNITY OF MAKING A FORTUNE IN A FEW YEARS.

FOR SALE.

PROFESSOR HASELMAYER having decided to retire from the Profession at the end of the present year, is open to negotiate for the SALE OF THE WHOLE OF THE EXTENSIVE INVENTIONS, APPARATUS, and PARAPHERNALIA used in his world renowned entertainment of MAGIC, MUSIC and MYSTIC. Most of the implements used by HERR HASELMAYER are his own inventions and are not known to, or used by, any other living performer in magic, and his entertainment has elicited the highest praise in all the principal cities of the known world.

To any Gentleman wishing to enter into the Business and Purchase the above plant, HERR HASELMAYER would give practical tuition in the use of the whole of his apparatus for the next six months. This would necessitate the purchaser performing in Company with HERR HASELMAYER who would guarantee that his pupil at the end of the period named would be able to give as finished a performance as any Professor of the "black art" now exhibiting.

The address of HERR HASELMAYER can be obtained at the Office of this paper, and a bonus of Fifty Dollars will be given to any person or newspaper which may choose to publish this notice, and through whose instrumentality a purchaser is introduced.

Hongkong, 16th July, 1883. [568]

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

A LARGE COMBINATION BURGULAR and FIRE PROOF SAFE on wheels, made by HALL'S SAFE & LOCK Co.; New York, and Cincinnati.

The Combination has over 100 changes, the SAFE can only be opened by the party who makes the Combination or under his instructions; even the maker is unable to open it without the knowledge of the Combination used.

Height 4 Feet.
Width 3 1/2 inches.
Depth 2 1/2 inches.
For Particulars apply to

G. R. LAMBERT, Peddler's Wharf.

Hongkong, 13th July, 1883. [557]

FOR SALE.

EX STEAMSHIP "LAERTES." A CONSIGNMENT OF HOCKING'S PATENT FRESH WATER CONDENSERS.

THE BEST & CHEAPEST EVER MADE. Capable of Condensing Three Thousand Gallons per day.

Apply to G. FENWICK & Co., Victoria Foundry.

Hongkong, 25th April, 1883. [328]

FOR SALE.

G. H. MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE. QUARTS \$22 per Case. PINTS \$23 per Case.

Apply to MELCHERS & Co.

Hongkong, and March, 1882. [8]

FOR SALE CHEAP.

FIVE TO SIX HUNDRED TONS COKE

IN LOTS FROM ONE TON UPWARDS. COAL TARI IN BARRELS.

CHOY CHEW, 239, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1883. [262]

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE AND PORTER.

DAVID CORSAIR & SONS' MERCHANT NAVY.

MAVY BOILED LARD, FLAX CROWN.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [469]

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AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS.

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AMERICAN ENGINEERS' AND HOUSEHOLD TOOLS.

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FORCE PUMPS FOR SHIPS' USE.

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PURE CONDENSED ALPINE MILK.

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SMOKED BEEF IN TINS.

GERMAN VEGETABLES IN TINS.

BEST GOUDA CHEESE IN TINS.

SALT MEAT SAUSAGES IN KEES.

SALT SPICED BEEF IN KEES.

KEROSENE STOVES.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1882. [16]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND CLOCK-MAKERS.

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SOLE AGENTS for Louis Audemars' Watches; awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition; and for Voigtlander and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES.

No. 34, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [471]

Intimations.

THE NORTH BORNEO STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

INCORPORATED WITH LIMITED LIABILITY UNDER THE NORTH BORNEO COMPANIES ACT OF 1883 WHEREBY THE LIABILITY OF EACH SHAREHOLDER IS LIMITED TO THE AMOUNT UNPAID ON HIS SHARES.

CAPITAL, \$200,000: DIVIDED INTO 2,000 SHARES OF \$100 EACH.

The First Call of \$50 per Share is payable as follows:—

On Application \$5
" Allotment 5
" 1st November 15
" 1st February, 1884 10
" 1st June, 1884 10

Further calls for the remaining \$50 will not exceed \$10 per Share each, and will not be made under three months' notice.

Where no allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION at Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai, and London.

MANAGING AGENTS AND SECRETARIES.

MESSRS. COWIE BROS., Sandakan and Labuan.

AUDITOR.

ALEXANDER COOK, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE.

SANDAKAN, NORTH BORNEO.

THIS Company is formed to meet the requirements of the merchants, traders and planters of Sandakan Bay and the East Coast of North Borneo, and to facilitate the rapidly increasing trade and passenger traffic of the Bay and neighboring Seas by running suitable Steamers, from port to port, amongst the various islands, rivers, and out-stations, and thus concentrating the trade in the larger ports of the Territory, where facilities are offered for direct transhipment into Steamers running to Singapore, Hongkong, the Coast of China, Java, etc., etc. It is thought that, in carrying out, on a properly organized system, the objects for which the Company has been formed, a legitimate and profitable outlet for capital is presented.

The system will include the maintenance of communication—by Steam—between Elopura and the plantations now being commenced up the rivers within the Bay of Sandakan, and the opening up, generally, of the trade with the Klabatangan, Labuk, Sugut, and other rivers and stations in North Borneo.

A concession of foreshore land to the extent of four acres has been provisionally secured, for a terminal, payment, at the place on the Coast where it is anticipated trade is capable of development. These concessions, besides affording sites for the Company's wharves, godowns and offices, will, no doubt, as the country advances, form the centres of future settlements or townships, and thus constitute hereafter a distinct and special feature in the assets of the Company.

Upon the assumption that the Company may wish eventually to have independent accommodation at their head-quarters, the refusal, on favourable terms, of desirable premises at Elopura has also been secured.

It is intended to procure, as soon as possible, two spacious Siam Launches to run to the various plantations within the Bay itself and also two suitable lighters; while for calling at the more distant places a steamer of about 300 tons capacity will be all that is necessary to meet the first requirements, in connection with which an agreement—conditional upon the formation of the Company—has been entered into for the purchase of the Steamer "ROYALIST" with the full benefit of all the contracts, engagements and privileges which she has with the Government, and Chinese Merchants.

The cost of these vessels, together with the erection of suitable godowns, wharves and other accommodation, will, it is calculated, absorb about \$50,000 of the paid-up capital.

For working capital, the Directors will be left with \$150,000 in hand, to increase which, further calls can be made, should the Company's business expand and extension of its operations and additions to its fleet and establishments be in consequence thought desirable.

Meetings of Shareholders will be held annually, and at these the Directors' Reports and Accounts will be presented. In this respect and in all other essential particulars the constitution of the Company will be in conformity with the rules in force for English Joint Stock Companies.

It is needless to say that no promotion money has been or will be paid. The Directors put forward their scheme in the interests of the East Coast and of the Territory generally, with a considerable proportion of the capital already subscribed by the local community, and with the promise of their further co-operation, and they trust that their undertaking will meet with the approval and support of all those who are concerned in upholding the trade and welfare of North Borneo.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, particulars of the land concessions and copy of the agreement with Mr. Cowie for the purchase of the "ROYALIST," can be seen at the Company's office.

Applications for Shares should be made on the accompanying form and addressed to the Secretaries or to the Company's Agents, from whom, or from any of the Directors, further information can be obtained. List will close in Hongkong on 31st inst.

AGENTS AT SINGAPORE: MESSRS. A. L. JOHNSTON, & Co.

AGENTS AT HONGKONG: MESSRS. DOUGLAS LAPRAIK, & Co.

AGENTS AT SHANGHAI: MESSRS. ALFRED DENT, & Co.

AGENTS AT LONDON: MESSRS. DENT BROS., & Co.

Sandakan, June, 1883.

THE NORTH BORNEO STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

(TO BE RETAINED BY BANKERS, SECRETARIES OR AGENTS.)

TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE NORTH BORNEO STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING paid to your credit with your Agents at Hongkong the sum of

being a deposit of FIVE DOLLARS

per Share, I request that you will allot me

Shares of ONE HUNDRED

DOLLARS Each in your Company, and I hereby

Intimations.

agree to accept the said Shares on any smaller number which you may allot to me and to pay the balance due thereon according to the terms of the Prospectus, and hereby authorize you to place my Name on the Register of Shareholders in respect of the Shares which may be allotted to me.

I am, Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant,

Signature.....

Name (in full).....

Address (in full).....

Profession or Business.....

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., Agents, Hongkong.

Dated, 1883. [544]

THE CANTON-HONGKONG WA HOP TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

NOTICE.

THE CANTON-HONGKONG TELEGRAPH LINE having been finished as far as

ENTERTAINMENTS.

A. S. WATSON & CO.

FAMILY AND DISPENSING
CHEMISTS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
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OF
MANILA CIGARS,
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AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF
AERATED WATERS.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

THE SHANGHAI PHARMACY,
24, NANKIN ROAD, SHANGHAI.

BOTICA INGLESA,
44, ESCALTA, MANILA.

THE CANTON DISPENSARY, CANTON.

THE DISPENSARY, FOCHOW.

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JULY 16, 1883.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

OWING to the lengthy report of Saturday's meeting at the City Hall, and the pressure of other local items, our leader on the "Kennedy Memorial," the telegrams received by the American mail, correspondence from Haiphong, Yokohama and Paris, and several other interesting articles have unavoidably been crowded out of this issue.

THE steamship *Glenlyon* left Singapore for this port on the 13th inst.

THE visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ended 15th July, were:—European 190, Chinese 2,464; total 2,654.

WE are informed by the Agents, Messrs. Melchers & Co., that the Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer *Orion* left Singapore for this port on the 15th inst.

TENDERS for the public scavenging of the city of Victoria and the village of Yau-mai will be received by the Colonial Secretary up to August 1st. Form of tender, specifications, and other particulars may be obtained by applying to the Sanitary Inspector.

CHUN ASHING, a painter, was brought before Mr. Wodehouse this morning on a charge of larceny of an umbrella valued at \$240 the property of a blacksmith. The painter admitted the charge and also five previous convictions. Mr. Chun was sent to six months' hard labor in the "Retreat."

WE (*Yankee Gazette*) understand that the departure of Sir Harry Parkes will not be delayed longer than the convenience of the minister requires. Important events are passing in China, and the friendly and indeed cordial relations between that country and Great Britain will ensure for Sir Harry Parkes a hearty welcome at the hands of the Chinese government.

A RUMOUR is current to the effect that France having arranged a secret alliance with the Burmese court and the knowledge of the same having made its way into British and German diplomatic circles, the two latter powers have assured the Chinese of their sympathy, and that if necessary armed assistance will be granted her. But it is the express wish of both Great Britain and Germany that China shall herself oppose, effectually if possible, the intended protectorate of France over Annam; meanwhile Germany and England will assist China with arms, ammunition, and sound advice. We give this report with a good deal of reserve, as we consider its accuracy extremely doubtful.

WE regret to hear from Macao that three Chinese passage boats from Sea-ki (Heang-shan) were capsized in the gale the other day on their way to the Portuguese colony, with the loss of about two hundred lives. It appears that the junk was at anchor, the captain fearing that bad weather was impending; but owing to the persuasions of a passenger of one of the junks, who had lately come from San Francisco, and who assured the captain that there was no danger of a typhoon, the anchor was weighed, and a start made for Macao, the other junks immediately afterward following suit. About fourteen miles from Macao they encountered the fury of the gale, and the three vessels capsized. Seven bodies were brought into Macao yesterday.

CHUN AHING, a ricksha driver, was this morning sent to the Arbuthnot Road mansion for a spell of six months' hard labor, for picking a scaman's pocket of \$2. José Vera Polanes, a son of the sea, stated that he belonged to the Spanish gunboat *Marques del Duero*. Yesterday at about 2 p.m. he was standing near the Yung Heng shop waiting for his *compañeros* who were inside purchasing. Mr. Chun, the ricksha man, said to him "look see" and pointed with his hand at a fair damsel looking out from a window with a conspicuous teapot arranged on her head and a fine pair of almond-shaped sparkling eyes. He looked above as requested, adduced his moustache with his hand to try and attract the lady's attention and while this engaged Mr. Chun thrust his hand in his pocket and made away with the \$2. He ran along after the thief who was eventually secured by Wan Akut, a junky, who ran him up to the Central Station.

CHOLERA has, according to the *Comercio*, made its appearance in the southern provinces of Luzon. Both Vicos Norte and Sud are now declared infected with the epidemic.

SIR Wilfrid Lawson, says that in England a man does not need to go into battle to be made a peer. "He has only to win two or three elections, to be a personal friend of the Minister, or to brew enough beer; then he is raised from the beaige to the peerage."

A SAN JOSE journalist remarks of a certain actress that she is "struggling nobly to reach the goal of all the hopes and dreams toward which her soul hath reached with hungry arms." San José's journalists resemble Silas Wegg in their facility for dropping into poetry.

THERE is something like jocoseness in that recent despatch to the home press about the Prince of Wales. It says: "He has paid off several of his old debts. The Prince is growing more popular every day." A Prince who pays his debts is sufficiently rare to be considered a phenomenon.

A SAN FRANCISCO paper says that if the Emperor of China would like to have all his subjects in San Francisco go home to help fight the French in Tonquin, we will consent to their sacrifice on the altar of Mars with the same cheerfulness that Artemus Ward displayed in sending his wife's relatives to the front to put down the Rebellion.

In view of the anticipated trouble between the French and Chinese Governments in relation to Tonquin affairs, it has been rumored in New York that a combination was about to be formed by tea importers to advance materially the price of tea for the next sixty days, and that this advance was to be stimulated by strict enforcement of the law against adulterated leaves and the general iniquities of the tea trade.

A PUBLIC latrine in the vicinity of Jervis Street collapsed this morning at about six o'clock, and, upon removing the debris it was found that two persons, a man of about 30 years and a boy of about ten years of age had been killed. The bodies were conveyed to the civil hospital where an inquest was ordered for this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

WE note from telegrams in the American papers that Her Majesty's despatch vessel *Libby*, which stranded near Stoneway, with the Royal Commissioners on board, as reported in our columns a few days ago, was fast breaking up. Doubtless the ship would become a total loss. This will probably prevent the *Vigilant* returning to England next spring, as was originally arranged.

THE Southern Star Minstrels gave a performance in the Theatre Royal, City Hall, on Saturday evening last to a rather thin but appreciative audience. The old favorites maintained their reputations as comedians and vocalists, and we regret that the unpropitious weather prevented many from attending. These minstrels, who are the balance of the Mastodons, have not had very pleasant or profitable times since they landed here, and are doing their best to get away from the Colony.

THERE is, if the American papers are to be believed, a possibility of a misunderstanding, not to say an unpleasantness, between France and Great Britain about the possession of the New Hebrides Islands. The Australians urge the British Government to annex the group, though France has indicated some intention of doing the same thing. The New Hebrides are near New Caledonia, the French Penal Colony, and it is for an extension of her convict settlements that France desires the acquisition.

A SAN FRANCISCO paper, remarks, with a great deal of reason, that the French method of making war in Madagascar—sending a fleet to sail around the island and bombard the native towns—will not tend to the increase of respect for the national prowess and humanity. There are several million inhabitants in Madagascar, and France should either send out a force sufficient to subdue them, or refrain from attacks of a character that will merely irritate the natives against all foreigners, without inspiring fear or making a perceptible impression on their strength.

THE excursion to Macao by the *Honam* yesterday was largely patronised, and the affair proved in every respect a great success. The threatening character of the weather early in the morning doubtless prevented many from taking advantage of the Steamboat Company's liberality; however, the rain clouds were quickly dispelled, and the sun shone brightly the whole of the journey across. Macao was reached a few minutes after eleven o'clock, when the majority of the excursionists left the ship for the usual round of visiting and sight-seeing. Rain fell for a short time during the afternoon, but it afterwards quickly cleared up, and the evening proved delightful, pleasantly cool with a beautiful moon. The *Honam* left the wharf at 10 p.m. and after a most enjoyable trip arrived in Hongkong about three hours later. "Our War Special," who went over to take in a fresh supply of ozone, will have something to say about the trip in our next issue.

SAVS the San Francisco *Daily Alta* of June 13th—The British steamer *Canton* which arrived yesterday from Hongkong, is a remarkably fine-looking vessel, and a fine one also, and her appearance, neat and clean as she is, speaks well for her officers. She has not been cleared for nine months, yet the Captain states she averaged 11½ across and when clean he can get 14½ out of her. She has a full cargo of rice, merchandise and a large quantity of opium on board, when she will discharge at the sea-wall. The same journal on the following day remarks: "While the British steamer *Canton* was lying in the stream, yesterday morning one of the crew, a Chinaman, was engaged over the side in painting, and in some way lost his hold and fell overboard. The mate of the vessel bravely jumped over after him, but after getting hold of him was compelled to free himself, as he clutched him so tightly that he was nearly drowned himself. The mate was picked up by the revenue steamer *Harley* which happened to be in the vicinity, but the unfortunate Chinaman was drowned. The mate of this vessel must be a man of sterling material to risk his life for a human being in the feeblest manner he did."

H.M.S. *Esper*, Commander Gambell, arrived in Amoy from Foochow on the 10th inst.

A NOVELTY in delirium tremens is reported from California, a citizen having seen a rattlesnake with legs.

THE Chinese gun vessel *Man Nien Ching*, with Commodore Sun on board, arrived in Amoy from Foochow en route to Changchow on the 9th inst.

A REPORT was current in the colony the other day that Mr. Parker, chief officer on board Messrs. Douglas Lapraik & Co's steamer *Kwang-lung*, had died from cholera on the passage up to Foochow. From facts which have since come to our knowledge we fear the rumour was only too well founded.

WE observe from the *Amoy Gazette* that on the evening of the 10th inst. the brethren of the Ionic Lodge entertained Wor. Bro. Bain at a farewell dinner, and presented him with a Past Master's Jewel and an address. There was a large gathering of the brethren, who enthusiastically wished Brother Bain happiness and prosperity in his new field of labour.

THE following, says the *Gazette*, are the charters effected in Amoy during the past fortnight:—*Chateau d'Or*, 10,000 piculs, 3 to 5 months at \$915, commencing at Newchwang, inward expenses for charters account; *Wagrien*, 4,500 piculs, Amoy, Tientsin, Chefoo and back to Amoy, 26 day days, \$1,450; *Carl Wilhelm*, 5,700 piculs, Newchwang, to Amoy, 18 day days, \$1,050; and *Herminie*, 7,500 piculs, Taiwanfo, Chefoo, Newchwang and back to Amoy, 30 day days, \$2,000.

WE are in receipt of letters from our Haiphong correspondent, by the French steamer *Namoun* which arrived this morning. Nothing of much importance has transpired since our last advices were published, nor is it expected that any military operations of consequence will be initiated until the cold weather sets in. The French transport *Annemite* has arrived from Saigon with reinforcements, and is now with the fleet under Admiral Meyer in Fitz-Long Bay. Unusual pressure on our space compels us to hold over the full text of our correspondent's communication until to-morrow.

A SWATOW correspondent writes to the *Amoy Gazette* on the 9th inst.—"I am sorry to have to record that this port is put in Quarantine by the Hongkong authorities on account of cholera. It has been carrying off as many as 6 or 7 victims in separate families within a few hours. In this neighbourhood, Mr. Crowell, chief officer of the steamship *Tosand* died this morning suddenly, and I hear that there were two more cases on board steamers. The symptoms vary in different individuals. In some they are diarrhoea without pain; in others soreness of the bowels and pain in the bowels. Others are taken suddenly ill as if with sunstroke; they drop down and in two or three minutes are dead. These last cases have been on the Swatow side principally."

THE following translation of a communication from Mr. Ho Kwan-shan, and the committee of the Tung-wa Hospital, to the Registrar-General, is published in Saturday's *Government Gazette*:—The undersigned Committee have the honour to report that, in accordance with the established regulations, a Public Meeting of the members of the Kai-fong of the whole of Hongkong was summoned for the 13th day of the 5th moon (17th June, 1883), for the public election of new Directors who should take over the management of all the affairs, great and small, connected with the Tung-wa Hospital. The surnames and names of the twelve newly elected Directors are now herewith submitted, with a request that they may be forwarded to His Excellency the Governor for his information.

Subjoined are the names of the twelve newly elected Directors:—Li Yat-lau, of the Lai Hing Firm; Ng Ping-ling, of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.; Pao Ping-kwan, of the Chinese Insurance Co.; Lo Ho-king, of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation; Lung Tai-shang, of the Kwong Fuk-ling Piece Goods Dealers; Li Chuk-kin, of the Thin Shing Yam Dealers; Chiu Chuk-hin, of the I'd Nam-pak Hong; Chan Yuet-tong, of the Lin Wai Rice Association; (re-elected) Yau Wan-chi, of the Sul Lung-shan, Nam-pak Hong; Y. U. Yeh-shin, of the Wing Mau-ch'ung Australian Exporters' Firm; Li Su-Po, of the Shing Wo Pao Brokers' Firm; Kwok U-tsin, of the K'u On Opium Firm. Further are subjoined the names of the three of the above Directors who have been appointed to manage the financial affairs of the Hospital:—Li Yat-lau, Ng Ping-ling, and Pao Ping-kwan. Noon of the 12th day of this moon (15th July, 1883), has been selected for handing over the accounts, deeds, and all affairs, great and small of the hospital to the management of the new Directors. The undersigned, who have to retire this year, but will act as Assistant Directors, now state the matter as in duty and submit it for inspection. The Statement of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Hospital for the Yang-yeat (1882-83) is also herewith submitted for your information. It returns showing the number of in-patients, patients discharged from the Hospital, deaths, out-patients, free vaccinations, and destitute admitted into the Hospital, male and female, for the year 1882, having been submitted on the 19th of the 1st moon (26th February, 1883), the undersigned beg to be excused from sending in another one.

THE GOVERNOR AT ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE.

His Excellency the Governor, who was accompanied by his aide-de-camp Lieut. Lewis of "The Buffs," and Mr. Rochefort Maguire, his private secretary, paid a visit to St. Joseph's College on the afternoon of Friday last. Arriving at 6 o'clock His Excellency was received by Bishop Raimondi, and the Brother Director of the College. On entering the hall, the choir, composed of the scholars, sang "Welcome to our Governor," and five addresses were delivered by the boys, two in English, one in Portuguese, one in French, and one in Italian.

His Excellency then said—
Monsieur Raimondi,
Mr. Director and Gentlemen,
I assure you that it was with much pleasure that I accepted the invitation to visit this day St. Joseph's College. It is alike my duty and my pleasure, as the Governor of this Colony, to encourage by every means in my power all

literary and educational institutions. The active interest which, during my long career as a Colonial Governor, I have always taken in such establishments, is formed on the conviction that, in the absence of moral and mental culture, the fabric of domestic life, and even the apparently firmest guarantees of political institutions, are equally insecure. It is admitted on all sides that the most formidable impediments to civilization and good government are—ignorance, and the evils which ignorance produces. The mass of suffering and of crime directly or indirectly traceable thereto is appalling. Thence come most of the inmates of our gaols, and of the victims of drunkenness, vice, and disease. The aggregate of their misery, and the loss of their services to the community are indeed grievous; while the cost of their punishment is a very serious item in the public expenditure. Every effort should be made to bring about a cure, or at least, a diminution of such evils; and next to the influences of religion, and more or more reasonable, none ready at hand, and more likely to prove efficient than the liberal support by the Government of Colleges and Primary Schools, coupled with public libraries, museums, and literary associations, calculated to raise the moral and intellectual tone of the people, and to breathe a right spirit into them. I will not, on the present occasion, enter at length on a discussion of the various branches of education which should be taught in the Public Schools of this Colony. But I desire to take this opportunity of pointing out the supreme importance that the youth of all races in this heterogeneous community should acquire, for their own sake and in view to their own advancement in life, a practical knowledge of the English language, which, like the English race, is fast oversteering the world from one end of it to the other. Already nearly 100 millions of mankind, in the British Isles, in the British Colonies, in the United States of America, and elsewhere, speak English as their mother tongue; while certainly not more than 40 millions so speak either French, or German, the European languages most diffused after English. On this subject, I will content myself by quoting the opinion which an eminent statesman and scholar of France expressed some years ago, as "to the mission of England and the English language." He said: "England's great mission is that which was foretold by Shakespeare in his wonderful spirit of prophecy, not far from the time when the Pilgrim Fathers first set foot in the new world. It is to form Empires; to be *Magna Virtus Mater*, to spread over the earth Freedom and Civilization. Fifty years hence the United States of America will be more populous, more wealthy, and more powerful than any European community. One hundred years hence Australia will be a greater Nation than the present United States. Some 300 millions of men, then most energetic in the world, will then speak English as their mother-tongue. French, German, and Italian will then be dialects as comparatively insignificant as it now Dutch. Those French, German, and Italian authors, who desire to be read by you and permanent fame should write in English." It will be recollected that this is the testimony, however, by an eminent Frenchman to the victorious progress of the English language. I would remind all who hear me that every native of this Colony, from whatever race he may have sprung, is by his very birthright, a son and heir of the British Empire; and that it is alike his duty and his interest, whatever career in life he may choose, to make himself master of the English language. (Applause.) In conclusion, my young friends, I thank you heartily for the addresses which you have presented to me, and we have heard with much interest and pleasure on my first visit to St. Joseph's College. I congratulate you on the splendid site, and on the excellent arrangements of this institution, and on the progress which you have evidently made under the care of the Christian Brothers. I have seen that Brotherhood at work in the great course of education in many parts of the world, and always with success. I shall have great pleasure in visiting St. Joseph's College again at the annual distribution of prizes; and until then I wish you all health and happiness. (Loud cheers.)

Bishop Raimondi thanked His Excellency in his own and the Christian Brothers' name, and added that St. Joseph's College being under the grant-in-aid scheme and the greatest part of the pupils being British subjects, it was and always would be their duty to promote a good sound English education, and to make the boys learn the language of that noble nation, and liberal Government of England, which protects and favours them so much.

After listening to recitations (in English) from several of the scholars, the Governor was escorted through the building, and expressed his entire satisfaction with its internal arrangements. From St. Joseph's College, His Excellency and suite, accompanied by Bishop Raimondi and Father Keldhaar, proceeded to the Italian Convent. Vocal and instrumental musical selections were executed with great taste and skill by several of the young lady boarders, and two addresses of welcome were delivered. The Governor briefly responded, speaking in most eulogistic terms of the great amount of good which had been accomplished by the Sisters of Charity. The Orphan's section of the institution was then visited, where His Excellency was greeted with the "Orphan's song," which was admirably sung by the European children; two short addresses were also delivered, the second of which was very touching. The Chinese orphan's were next visited, and the school for the blind. His Excellency was received with musical honours, the children singing in Chinese; two of the girls also said a few words of welcome to their illustrious guest, speaking in the Italian tongue.

PROPOSED MEMORIAL TO SIR ARTHUR KENNEDY.

In accordance with the terms of a duly advertised proposal, a well attended meeting was held in the City Hall, on Saturday last, at 6 o'clock p.m., when the subject of the erection of a memorial in honor of the late Sir Arthur Kennedy, one time Governor of this Colony, was taken into consideration, and discussed by many of the residents of this place. There were close upon 200 persons present of all classes, the Chief Justice of Hongkong, Sir George Phillips being in the chair.

The meeting was opened by the Chairman who said he had been asked by some of the leading members of this community, a few days ago, to take the chair on this occasion, and he was only too happy to consent to do so, as the object of the meeting had his warmest sympathy. He thought, however, before proceeding further with the business of the meeting, that it would be advisable to appoint a secretary to take down the minutes of the proceedings, so that a proper record might be preserved, and that before proceeding with the business, he would be asked to read the notice calling the meeting, and he would therefore suggest that Mr. MacLewen be appointed Secretary. (Applause.) And he thought he might venture to speak as the representative of his two immediate predecessors in the position, occupied, who had the most ample opportunities of forming a correct judgment and on the authority he ventured to say the character of the

late Sir Arthur Kennedy was held by them in the most profound respect, either of whom, if they could have been there, would have given cordial support to the object of this influential meeting held to promote.

Perhaps he might also be permitted to say on his own behalf, that although he was a comparative stranger to a large proportion of the community, he had been identified with its interest in one continuous period since the time he landed here, nearly thirty-three years ago. He had watched the progress and prosperity of this place since the time when grass might be seen freely growing in Queen's-road, and when the germs of the present magnificent city they now knew, consisted of a long straggling street, with a few bungalows scattered here and there on the hill-side, and he ventured to say, that which he was sure the other speakers, who were more intimately connected with the subject than he was, would bear him out in, that the full tide of the prosperity they at present enjoyed, set in during the administration of Sir Arthur Kennedy (applause). Though he was convinced that the prosperity of this place did not depend upon the policy, good or bad, of any man—(Hear, hear)—yet it was nevertheless true that a good and impartial administrator, labouring for the benefit of all, was a great blessing. By the testimony of all who knew him, Sir Arthur Kennedy was a courteous gentleman, an able and impartial administrator, and a worthy representative of the Civil Service of the Crown (applause). Under his administration had not yet been in view and his enemies had not been feared, and though he was not a native, he possessed, according to the testimony they had heard from the Chief Justice, that better characteristic of a constitutional Governor, he surrounded himself with able counsellors in whom he had complete confidence (applause), and he thought that the highest tribute they could pay to the single minded character of the man to whose memory they were there that day to do honour, would be to follow the course suggested by those who had convened this meeting. He was sure could Sir Arthur Kennedy know of our proceedings here to-day, of all the honour which he obtained during his distinguished career, he would have prized the honour which this assembly proposed to do to his memory above them all—loud and prolonged applause—because it showed that his efforts to promote the common good were appreciated by all classes, by all races and by all creeds in this community. He cordially supported the proposal to erect to the memory of Sir Arthur Kennedy some fitting memorial which would express the opinion of the meeting as to the beneficence of his rule. (Applause.)

Mr. Reiners speaking on behalf of the German community of this Colony, said it was his desire to add a few words to the able speech of Mr. Johnson, and although he could not add much to his remarks, he thought he was expressing the universal feeling and opinion of his countrymen in saying that they not only approved of the objects of the meeting, but would also with the greatest pleasure assist in carrying out the intention of the meeting, and give their cordial support (applause). Those who were living in this colony during the administration of Sir Arthur Kennedy he thought could not but remember the friendly feelings he always evinced towards every section of the community. (Applause). In erecting a monument to the memory of his late Governor they would only be too happy to cooperate with those present and who had great cause to be expressing the intention of the meeting, and asking them all to give it their hearty support. (Applause.)

Mr. A. G. Romano, who was next called upon by the Chairman, said he begged permission to make a few remarks on the proposal to erect a memorial to Sir Arthur Kennedy. But what could he add to what had been already said, and after such speakers as they had heard? He could say that he was very glad to be present there to support any step that might be taken to accomplish the object of the meeting (applause). He knew the late Sir Arthur Kennedy when he was Governor of this Colony, and when he had to meet him, either privately or officially, he was always shown his every attention and kindness; and he found he acted as a good and genial gentleman and a wise Governor. He had no doubt that all his countrymen in this colony agreed that Sir Arthur Kennedy was a wise Governor and a good gentleman, and he was sure they would do all they could towards promoting any project for perpetuating his memory (applause).

Mr. Ho Kai, upon being called upon, said it was on behalf of the Chinese community that he rose to address the meeting. The melancholy news which reached them of the death of Sir Arthur Kennedy was received universally with grief and sympathy by the whole Chinese population. (Applause) Grief which was most genuine, and sympathy which was most sincere. It was many years he thought over five years since Sir Arthur Kennedy had been amongst them, and his memory was still green in the minds of many who had the advantage of living under his benign and wise administration. The Chinese were very glad to have that day an opportunity of expressing their opinions and heartiest sorrow in a public manner. (Applause); and he assured them that in the days of Sir Arthur Kennedy they felt that they were in the hands of the greatest and best men that the English Government had ever had in their service. It was the general desire he thought, that a memorial of some kind should be raised to the memory of Sir Arthur Kennedy. It was true that those who were personally attached to Sir Arthur Kennedy, and those whom he won by his high administrative capacity, order, to honour and respect him, and those to whom he endeared himself by his gentleness, kindness, courtesy, and hospitality, needed no memorial at all, but he would suggest to them who he thought they could not forget him, but they felt that they wished to find a means by which they might express their feelings most publicly, so that the name of Sir Arthur Kennedy might be handed down from generation to generation. It was for this reason that he was there to speak on behalf of the large Chinese community of this Colony in support of the motion before the meeting. (Applause.)

The Chairman then informed the meeting that the Hon. J. M. Price would bring forward a subject which he had proposed for erecting a statue to the memory of the late Sir Arthur Kennedy, and which he would submit to the meeting. The Hon. J. M. Price said he feared that they had not time to prepare a scheme for the purpose, and he would therefore propose that they should erect a memorial to the memory of the late Sir Arthur Kennedy. It was true that he had had the honor of being consulted by several gentlemen, leading residents of the colony, with reference to the probable cost of a public statue, these gentlemen having desired to have information in the event of their meeting, as to the cost of erecting such a statue. He could not himself boast of having any knowledge in the monumental work of art in bronze, but he had the opportunity of consulting an able professional gentleman in the government department with which he was connected, who had had considerable insight into work of the kind, and of verifying the information given by him, by data obtained outside this colony. So that he was therefore in a position to furnish the meeting with an estimate of the probable cost of a statue in the event of their erecting a statue of Sir Arthur Kennedy. The cost of a figure in bronze of a larger than life size, executed by the best talent in England, and erected on a pedestal of granite, would come to about \$8,000, a sum the

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The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 456.

MONDAY, JULY 16, 1883.

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RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SHIPPING.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1883. [479]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, EQUAL \$1,200,000.
RESERVE FUND.....\$703,827.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq., LEI YAT LAM, Esq.,
LO YOK MOON, Esq., CHU CHIN SUN, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at
CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1883. [501]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.)

The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on Goods,
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,

Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1883. [106]

INTIMATION.

SIGNOR ANTONIO CATTANEO, of the
CONSERVATOIRE DE BERGAMO and late of
the ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY has
the honor to inform the community that he has
arranged to remain in Hongkong, and will give
Lessons in Music, Singing and the Piano-forte.
CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.
Address—Messrs. KELLY & WALSH,
Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1883. [168]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Underwritten has received instructions
from the Mortgagees to Sell by Public
Auction, on

THURSDAY,

the 26th July, 1883, at THREE P.M.,
on the Premises—

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD
PROPERTY,

KNOWN AS

"THE HOTEL DE L'UNIVERS,"
Standing and being on all that Piece or Parcel
of GROUND situate at Victoria, being that
Portion of INLAND LOT No. 51, upon
which the GERMAN CLUB formerly stood,
and Sub-section A of Section B of Inland
Lot No. 51, together with all the Out-
Buildings and the Appurtenances thereto
held for the residue of the term of 999 years
created by an Indenture of Crown Lease,
dated the 16th January, 1856, at the ap-
portioned Crown Rent of \$120 per Annum.
For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale,
apply to

SHARP, TOLLER & JOHNSON,
Supreme Court House,
Solicitors for the Mortgagees;

or to the Underwritten,
H. N. MODY,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1883. [595]

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF
VALUABLE PROPERTY IN VICTORIA.

TO BE SOLD by Public Auction, by Mr.
J. M. GUEDES, Auctioneer, on

FRIDAY,

the 27th day of July, 1883, at THREE P.M.,
on the Premises, No. 54, Wing Lok Street,
By ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

All that Valuable Piece of GROUND measuring
on the North and South 14 feet, East and
West sides 100 feet, and Registered in the
Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 73.
Held for 999 years from 21st May, 1867.
Yearly Crown Rent \$24.68. On the above
Piece of GROUND is erected the Valuable
HOUSE known as No. 54, Wing Lok
Street.

For Particulars and Conditions of Sale,
apply to

SHARP, TOLLER & JOHNSON,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee,
or to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 14th July, 1883. [564]

To be Let.

TO LET.

ON PEDDAR'S HILL,
WITH IMMEDIATE ENTRY,
TWO SPACIOUS APARTMENTS,
COOL AND AIRY.

For Particulars, apply to
Care of Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 6th July, 1883. [533]

TO BE LET.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)
FIVE COMMODIOUS and well VENTI-
LATED ROOMS suitable for OFFICES
or a FAMILY DWELLING HOUSE at No. 24,
Praya Central, corner of Pottinger Street.
Apply on the Premises

F. VINCENT,
24, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1883. [527]

TO LET.

A TWO STOREY HOUSE (6 ROOMS)
with GARDEN in Mosque Junction. The
above has Gas and Water laid on; and im-
mediate possession can be had.

For Particulars apply to
D. NOWROJEE,
Hongkong Hotel.
Hongkong, 6th April, 1883. [18]

TO LET.

N. O. 7, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
4, OLD BAILEY STREET.
32, GRAHAM STREET (lately oc-
cupied by Mr. H. N. MODY).

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
lately occupied by PACIFIC MAIL
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 29th June, 1883. [7]

TO LET.

FOR ONE YEAR from June next, the New
BUNGALOW at the PEAK on R. B. Lot
20, now roofed in and nearly completed,
the property of Mr. J. ENSTON SQUIER.

For all information, apply to
BIRD & PALMER.
Queen's Road,
Hongkong, 19th April, 1883. [307]

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 31, MOSQUE JUNCTION.
Apply to
A. F. PEREIRA,
No. 1, Corner of Wyndham and
Wellington Street.
Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [545]

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOMS in the Hollywood
Hotel, WITH or WITHOUT BOARD.
Private Family.
For Particulars, apply to
M. A.
Office of this paper.
Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [597]

FOR SALE.

THE OWNER being about to retire from
Business is open to negotiate for the Sale
of the GOOD WILL, FITTINGS, and FURNI-
TURE, Complete of the Old Established and
well-known establishment known as the "NA-
TIONAL HOTEL," situated at Nos. 223 and 225,
Queen's Road Central. The House contains TWO
BILLIARD TABLES (one English and one
American) which are in first-class condition.
For further Particulars apply to
JOHN OLSON,
National Hotel.
Hongkong, 14th June, 1883. [467]

Intimations.

"NOVELTY STORE,"

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD.

JUST RECEIVED.

A SMALL CONSIGNMENT OF MALTESE LACE AND SILVER FILIGREE WORK,
COMPRISING—

White and Black Silk Trimming Lace.	Silver Filigree Pendant, St. John's Cross & Crown.
" Cotton Trimming Lace.	" Earrings to match the above.
" Silk Handkerchief Border.	" Fancy Pendant.
" Silk Circular and Square D'oyleys.	" Plain Chain Necklace.
" and Black Silk Filigree.	" Fancy Locket.
" Silk Parasol Cover.	" Fancy Bracelet.
" Colden Parasol Cover.	" Brooch (Love Knot).
" Silk Veil and Scarf.	" (Marguerite).
" Silk Collar and Cuffs.	" (Slipper).
" Silk Collar Breast Pendant.	" (Shell).
" Silk Collar Breast Pointed.	" (Circular).
" Cotton Collar Breast Pointed.	" (Fan).
" and Black Silk Necktie.	" (Lily).
" Silk Mittens.	" Earrings to match the above.

AN INSPECTION IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
ANY OF THE ABOVE ORDERED THROUGH THIS "STORE" WILL BE
CHARGED FOR AT COST PRICE.

S. MEYERS,
MANAGER.

Hongkong, 11th June, 1883.

KELLY & WALSH'S

LIST OF CHEAP, PRACTICAL, USEFUL AND STANDARD BOOKS.

FORTY CENTS EACH.

Michod's Guide to Athletic Training.	Plutarch's Lives for every day Readers.
Baths and Bathing.	De Quincey's Confessions of an English Opium Eater.
The Heart and its Functions.	Reasons why we believe the Bible.
Health in Schools.	Handy Classical Dictionary.
Exercise and Training.	Familiar English Quotations.
The House and its Surroundings.	Familiar Latin Quotations.
Personal Appearances in Health and Disease.	Familiar French Quotations.
The Skin and its Troubles.	The Secretary's Assistant and Correspondent's Guide.
Alcohol, its use and abuse.	Moore's Lalla Rookh.
Premature Death, its promotion and prevention.	Handy Book of Synonyms.
Dictionary of Daily Blunders.	Tourist's French Pronouncing Hand Book.
Dictionary of Mythology.	The New Testament and the Revised Version.
Rejected Addresses by Horace and James Smith.	Elizabeth; or the Exiles of Siberia.
Dictionary of English Proverbs.	Bible Truths with Shakespearean Parallels.
Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare.	Common Mind Troubles.
Poker, How to Play it, by one of its Victims.	The Habitation in Relation to Health.
The Secret of a Clear Head.	

Enquire Within—upon Everything—New Edition.....\$ 1.00
Every Man his own Lawyer—completely revised.....2.50
Live and Learn, a Guide to Correct Writing and Speaking.....1.00
A New Dictionary of Quotations from Greek, Latin and Modern Languages with
Index to more than 15,000 words.....3.00
The Newspaper and General Reader's Companion.....1.00
The Sight and how to preserve it; by Angel.....0.60
Etiquette of Good Society.....0.75

FRANCE, CHINA AND TONQUIN.

THE FOLLOWING BOOKS HAVE A SPECIAL BEARING ON THIS SUBJECT.
Across China, being the Narrative of a Journey of Exploration through the South
China Border Lands from Canton to Mandalay by Archibald R. Colquhoun,
with a specially prepared Map, 30 families of native drawings and 300
Illustrations, 2 vols.....\$12.50
Histoire des Relations de la Chine avec l'Annam-Vietnam du XVIIe au XIXe
Siècle, d'après des documents Chinois par G. Devéria. Ouvrage accom-
pagné d'une Carte.....3.00
La Conquête du Ton-Kin par vingt-sept Français Sous le Commandement du
Général Dupleix.....0.75
Le Province Chinoise du Yun-Nan par Emile Rocher, 2 vols.....7.50

KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 4th July, 1883. [560]

W. B. BREWER.

HAS JUST RECEIVED.

MEERSCHAUM CIGAR AND CIGARETTE HOLDERS.
NEW CIGARETTES AND TOBACCOS.

CHEAP ACCOUNT BOOKS in Great Variety.
FASHIONABLE FANCY STATIONERY IN BOXES; Very Cheap.
THIN OVERLAND BOOK, LETTER AND NOTE PAPERS AND ENVELOPES,
LETTER BOOKS, WATER WELLS, RULERS, AND COMMERCIAL REQUISITES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

NEW BOOKS.

A Quantity of FRANKLIN SQUARE AND SEASIDE LIBRARIES.
WALSH'S MODERN SPORTSMAN'S GUN AND RIFLE
WHO'S WHO?

STATESMAN'S YEAR BOOK.

GLIDER'S ICE PACK AND TUNDRA.
SQUEEZER PLAYING CARDS AND
MARKERS.
BEZIQUE.

LAWN TENNIS SETS.

CRICKET
SULLIVAN'S NEW OPERA "IOLANTHE"

Hongkong, 19th June, 1883.

SAYLE & CO.

WE ARE SHOWING EX "GLENLEARN."

VERY FINE INDIA LONG CLOTHS.
NORMAN STRIPE DRESS MATERIALS.
White ALL OVER TUCKINGS—A New White Dress Material.
COLOURED CHECKED ZEPHYRS for washing dresses.
POMPADOUR SILKS, cashmeres and delaines for summer dressing gowns.
A Fresh Assortment of Best Silk and Wool FLANNELS.
French Embroidered Pongee Silk TRIMMINGS.
An entirely New Stock of Ladies PARASOLS.
Ladies' Picnic and Fancy COLLARS.
Children's White Silk and Span Silk SOCKS in all sizes.

Ladies' BOOTS and SHOES in all the latest styles.
A Fresh Delivery of Atkinson's SCENTES. A few Specialities in BOOKS.
SEWING MACHINES in all the leading makes, &c., &c., &c.
A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

SAYLE & CO.
VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1883.

FOR SALE.

WOODBERRY COTTON CANVAS.
No. 1 to 10.
WOODBERRY RAVENS DUCK, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100.

U.S. HAMMOCK DUCK, 12 inches wide.
AMERICAN COTTON DRILL.
COTTON TWINE—5, 6, 7, 8 Fold.
HENRY'S CANVAS, No. 1.
WILLIAM DOLAN,
21, Praya Central.
Hongkong, 1st June, 1883. [103]

THE CITY OF MANILA CIGAR STORE.

HAS FOR SALE
CIGARS of all Brands, Imperiales, Caballeros,
Vegueras, Regallas, London, Nuevo Ha-
bano, all of make quality guaranteed. Tobacco
of all Brands, at moderate prices. Fancy Goods
from the Parisian markets, Mecham, Pipes,
Jewellery of China Designs, Sun Hats, &c., &c.
Commissioners Excelsior.

JOSE M. BASA,
No. 11, B. QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1883. [34]

Intimations.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF
SHAREHOLDERS in the above Com-
pany will be held at the Company's Office,
No. 45, Queen's Road, Victoria, Hongkong, on
FRIDAY, the 27th day of July, 1883, at
FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., when the Resolutions
Passed at the Extraordinary Meeting of the
Company held on the 12th day of July, 1883,
will be submitted for confirmation as Special
Resolutions.

By Order,

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 13th July, 1883. [558]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-FOURTH ORDINARY HALF-
YEARLY MEETING OF SHARE-
HOLDERS in the Company will be held at the
office of the Company, No. 52, Queen's Road, on
MONDAY, the 30th July instant, at THREE
O'CLOCK in the AFTERNOON for the purpose of
receiving a Report of the Directors together with
a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend,
and Electing Directors and Auditors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [546]

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 17th to the
30th instant, inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
P. A. DA COSTA,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [547]

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY
MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS in
the above Company will be held at the Head
Office, Victoria, Hongkong, on TUESDAY, the
31st instant, at FOUR O'CLOCK P.M., for the
purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors
and Statement of Accounts to 30th April last,
and of declaring Dividends.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 18th to 31st instant,
both days inclusive.

By Order,
W. H. RAY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [541]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF
CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

CERTIFICATES for the present Shares
in the Society may be obtained upon application
at the Offices of the Company, in Exchange for
Old Certificates or Provisional Scrip.

By Order,
DOUGLAS JONES,
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1883. [518]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF
CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A FIRST INTERIM BONUS OF TWENTY
per cent. upon Contributions for the year
1882 has this day been DECLARED.
WARRANTS may be had on Application at
the Office of the Society on and after the 21st
instant.

By Order of the Board,
DOUGLAS JONES,
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, 7th May, 1883. [400]

THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE
COMPANY.

THE List of Applications for SHARES in
the above named Company will CLOSE
at SHANGHAI, on MONDAY, the 23rd instant.
Shanghai, 4th July, 1883. [540]

DR. ROGERS HAS REMOVED TO
No. 2, DUNDRELL STREET,
just in the rear of the Oriental Bank.
Hongkong, 10th July, 1883. [551]

A CARD.

PRIVATE BOARD AND LODGING
SINGLE GENTLEMEN OR MARRIED COUPLES
AT
No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.
Next Door to the Temperance Hall.
Terms Moderate.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1883. [552]

CARD.

COMFORTABLE BOARD & LODGING
TO BE HAD AT
MODERATE TERMS.

Apply to
A. L. BARRETTO,
No. 223, Spring Gardens.

Hongkong, 9th July, 1883. [542]

"CLARIDGE'S HOTEL,"
BROOK STREET, LONDON, W.

THE above is a Commodious and Suitable
HOTEL for FAMILIES and GENTLEMEN
going home from the Far East. It is under the
direct able Management of Mr. and Mrs.
GEORGE PRAGNELL who spare no pains in
providing their visitors with every possible
comfort. TERMS, MODERATE.

ROYAL YORK HOTEL,
OLD STYNE, BRIGHTON, ENGLAND.

THE above HOTEL is Centrally situated,
with Suitable Rooms and ample accom-
modation for travellers, especially those coming
from Eastern Climates. FAMILIES and GENTLE-
MEN will find every comfort they can wish for
at the above establishment, at STRICTLY MOD-
ERATE CHARGES.

A. HOADLY,
Proprietor.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1883. [102]

Shipping.

STEAMERS.